



IBM® Security Access Manager v8.x Kerberos Part 2 Kerberos Single Sign On using Constrained Delegation

Panelists

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Agenda

- Kerberos Protocol Transition and Constrained delegation concepts
- ISAM 8 Native Kerberos Junction
- ITFIM enabled Kerberos Junction
- Delegation in Multiple Active Directory Domains
- Integration with Microsoft SharePoint
- Questions





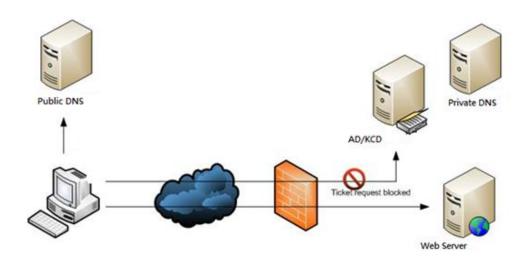
Kerberos Protocol Transition and Constrained Delegation concepts



Kerberos Protocol Transition and Constrained delegation concepts

The problem

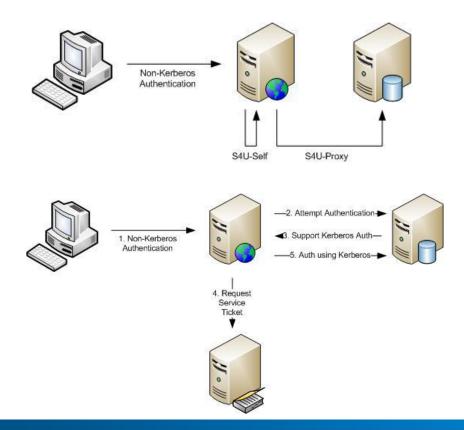
- The KDC is not exposed to internet
- Service records in internal DNS



Kerberos Protocol Transition and Constrained delegation concepts

The solution

- Kerberos protocol extension
 - Services For User to Self (S4U2S)
 - Services for User To Proxy (S4UTP)





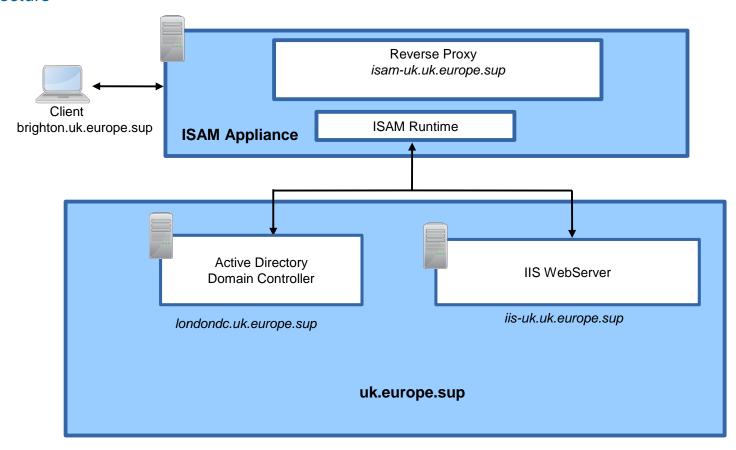




- Architecture
- Creating identities for WebSEAL and Target Service in an Active Directory domain
- Configure the Kerberos client in the appliance
- Configure WebSEAL instance
- Configure target server for Kerberos authentication
- Test functionality

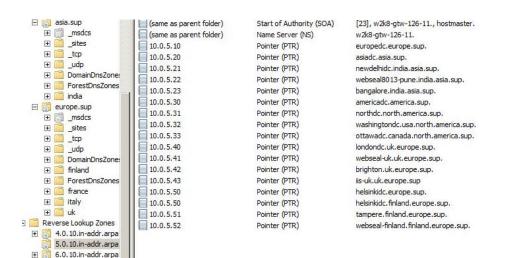


Architecture



Architecture

- Machines must have full network connectivity
- Firewall open for KDC, DNS, HTTP
- Correct DNS, Forward and Reverse look-up.



GE aurana
europe
▶ inland
▶ ifrance
▶ italy
→ 🌃 uk
🚯 brighton
🚮 isam-uk
🚯 londondc
<table-of-contents> europedc</table-of-contents>

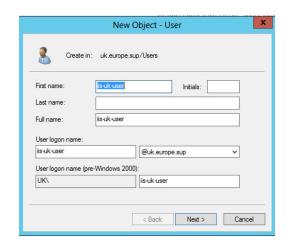
(same as parent fold	Host (A)	10.0.5.40
brighton	Host (A)	10.0.5.42
isam-uk	Host (A)	10.0.4.41
londondc	Host (A)	10.0.5.40
webseal-uk	Host (A)	10.0.5.41
iis-uk	Host (A)	10.0.5.43



Creating Target Service identity in AD

 Create a user that represents the Target Service with a password that does not need to be changed and that never expires.

Create a Service Principal Name for this user using setspn.

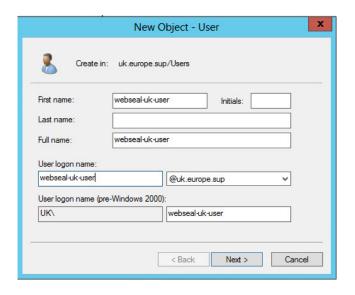


```
C:\Users\Administrator>setspn -S HTTP/iis-uk.uk.europe.sup iis-uk-user
Checking domain DC=uk,DC=europe,DC=sup
Registering ServicePrincipalNames for CN=iis-uk-user,CN=Users,DC=uk,DC=europe,DC=sup
HTTP/iis-uk.uk.europe.sup
Updated object
C:\Users\Administrator>_
```



Creating WebSEAL user identity in AD

- Create a user that represents WebSEAL with a password that does not need to be changed and that never expires.
- Set the Service Principal Name (SPN) for this user on the KDC and create a keytab

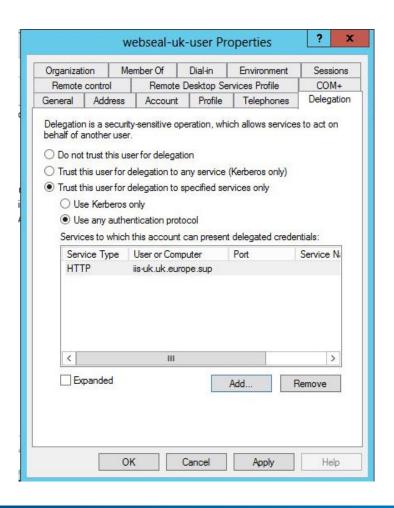






Creating WebSEAL user identity in AD

 Set the WebSEAL user to be trusted for delegation to the target service user.



Configure the Kerberos client

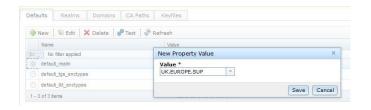
Use Secure Web Settings > Global Settings >
 Kerberos Configuration and open the Realms Tab
 and then select New > Realm

 Select the new realm name and use New > Property to select kdc and add the Active Directory KDC address

 On the Defaults tab change the default_realm to be the new realm created







Configure the Kerberos client

• On the *Keyfiles* tab import the key table file generated for the WebSEAL user.

Test the keytab content for the WebSEAL principal name





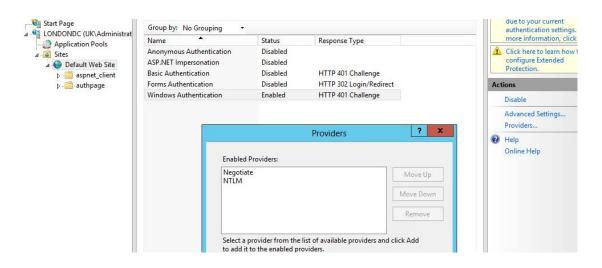
Configuring WebSEAL to enable Kerberos single sign-on for a junction

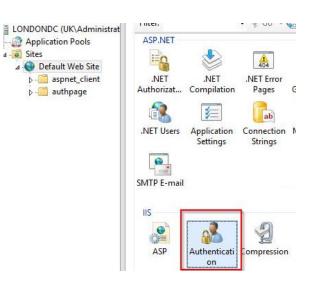
- Locate the [junction] stanza.
- Update the configuration items accordingly. For example:
 - kerberos-sso-enable = true
 - kerberos-keytab-file = webseal-uk.keytab
 - kerberos-principal-name = HTTP/webseal-uk.uk.europe.sup@UK.EUROPE.SUP
 - kerberos-service-name = HTTP/iis-uk.uk.europe.sup@UK.EUROPE.SUP



Configure Target Server for Kerberos Authentication

- Enable Windows Authentication
- Disable all other authentication mechanisms
- Verify that Negotiate is the first provider.





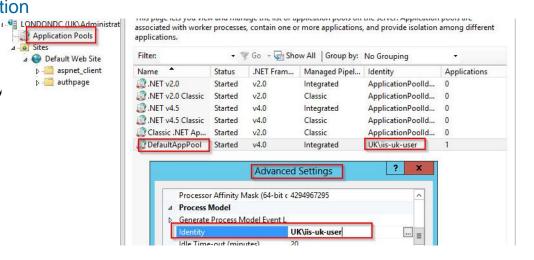
Application Pools

> authpage

Configure Target Server for Kerberos Authentication

Set iis-uk-user for the Default Application Pool identity

Test Kerberos SSO directly to IIS







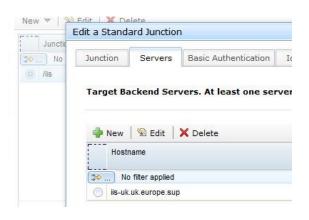
Create and Test Junction

 Create a junction /iis pointing to server iis-uk.uk.europe.sup

 Authenticate to WebSEAL with the preferred authentication mechanism.

Go to the junctioned IIS server.







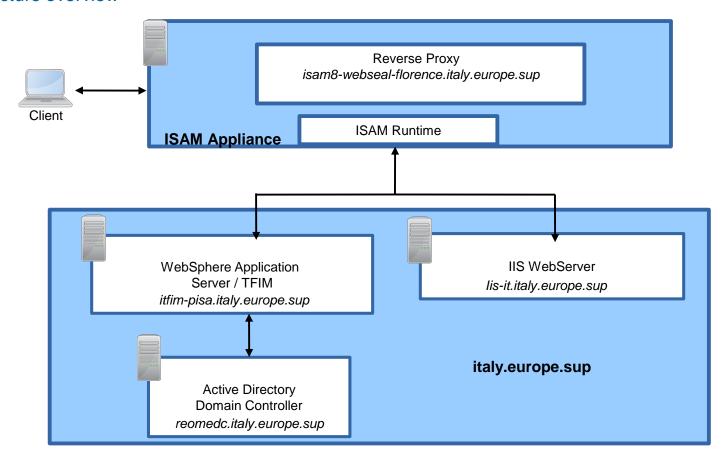




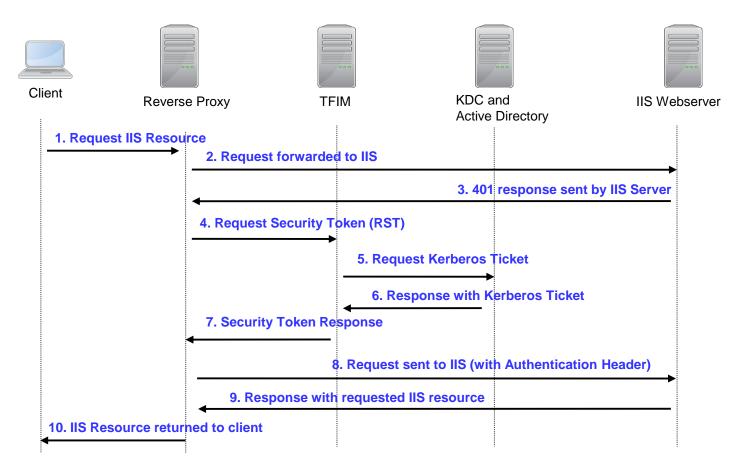


- Architecture Overview
- SSO flow
- WebSeal Configuration Steps
- Windows Configuration Steps
- TFIM Configuration Steps

Architecture overview



SSO Communication Flow



WebSeal configuration steps

- Edit Reverse Proxy Configuration File
 - Create [tfimsso:/kerberossso] Kerberos Junction configuration entry

```
[tfimsso:/kerberossso]
token-type = kerberos
applies-to = http://isam8-webseal-florence.itlay.europe.sup
service-name = HTTP/iis-it.italy.europe.sup
renewal-window = 15
one-time-token = true
preserve-xml-token = false
token-collection-size = 10
token-transmit-type = header
token-transmit-name = Authorization
always-send-tokens = true
tfim-cluster-name = tfim-pisa
```

Create [tfim-cluster:tfim-pisa] - TFIM connection configuration entry

server = 9,http://itfim-pisa.italy.europe.sup:9080/TrustServerWST13/services/RequestSecurityToken



WebSeal configuration steps

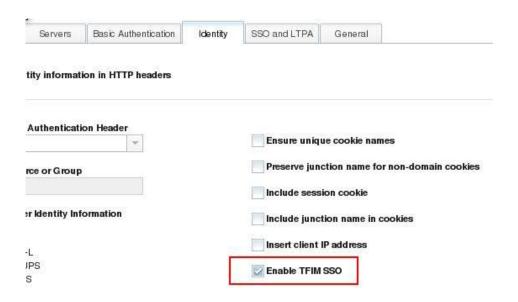
 Ensure junction point name matches: [tfimsso:/kerberossso]

Ensure the Target Backend Server is configured for your IIS server



WebSeal configuration steps

Ensure on Identity Tab TFIM SSO is selected

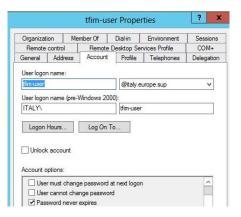


Windows configuration steps

Create a tfim user in AD

Set delegation

Run setspn against this user





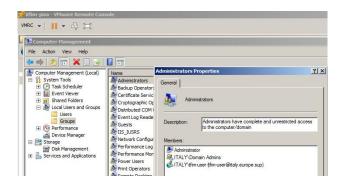


Windows configuration steps (cont)

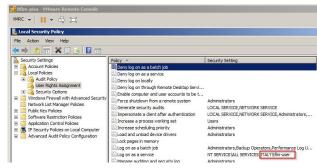
Add the user to the local Administrators group

 Grant the Act as part of the operating system privilege on the local machine

Grant the Log on as a service privilege on the local machine.







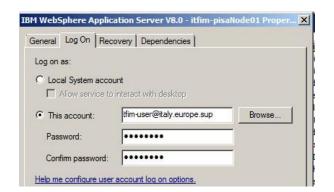
Windows configuration steps (cont)

 Add the user Windows Authorization Access Groups object on the AD machine

 If not yet done enable the WebSphere process to run as a Windows service by executing the wasservice command

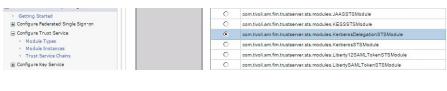
Change WAS service to start as tfim user





ITFIM configuration steps

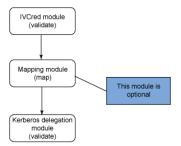
- Create an instance in Kerberos delegation module
- Create a tfim trust chain

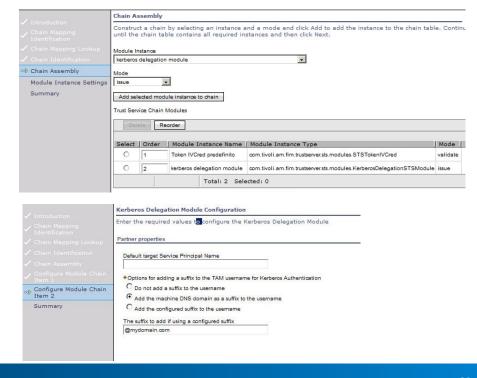


quest Type	
Request Type	Request Type URI
Issue Oasis URI ▼	http://docs.oasis-open.org/ws-sx/ws-trust/200512/Issue
okup Type	
	Trust Elements (AppliesTo, Issuer, and TokenType) : Custom Lookup Rule
Address	
http://isam8-webseal-	florence.italy.europe.sup
Service Name	
	i
Port Type	i.
	<u> </u>
Issuer	
Address	
Address amwebrte-sts-client	
amwebrte-sts-client	:
amwebrte-sts-client]: [
amwebrte-sts-client Service Name]:[

ITFIM configuration steps (cont)

- Minimal Chain composed by 2 modules
- Optional map modules :
 - Default map module
 - Directory Integrator map module
 - Custom map module









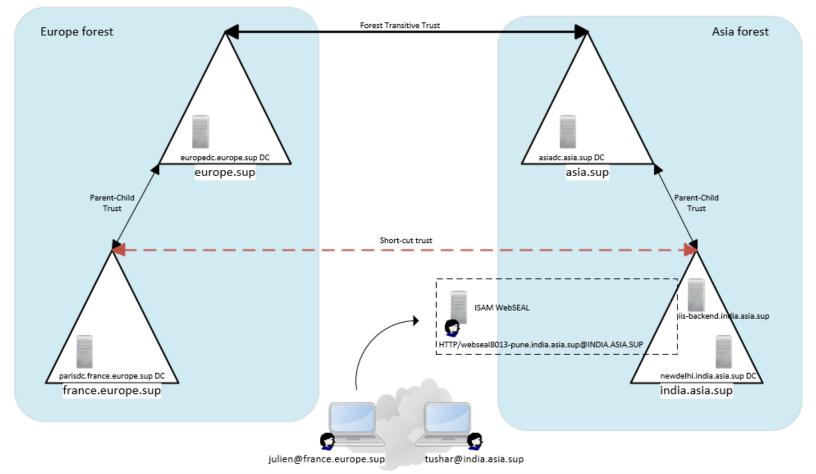


- Multi-Domain Kerberos SSO support
- Architecture Domains and Trusts
- Leveraging Federated Directories and Basic User Support
- Kerberos User Identity Rule
- Shortcut Trusts

Multi-Domain Kerberos SSO support

- Functionality available starting in ISAM 8.0.1.0
- All domains must be configured in the kerberos Realm tab, and must have a kdc specified
- A transitive trust is required between the domains
- WebSEAL service account has to reside in the same domain as the back-end service account
- Users can reside in a domain that is different from the WebSEAL service account domain
- User identity needs to be customized to effectively achieve the constrained delegation from a user domain different from the WeBSEAL sevice account domain
 - Achieved via kerberos-user-identity parameter in the Web Reverse Proxy (WebSEAL) configuration file

Architecture Domains and Trusts



Leveraging Federated Directories and Basic User Support









Kerberos User Identity Rule

Replacing the UPN with information from the credential



```
# # FILENAME
# webseald.conf

# This stanza entry is required when Kerberos SSO authentication for junctions
# is enabled.
| kerberos-principal-name = HTTP/webseal8103-pune.india.asia.sup@INDIA.ASIA.SUP

| [junction:/iis]
| kerberos-user-identity = attraZN_CRED_PRINCIPAL_NAME
| kerberos-service-name = HTTP/newdelhidc.india.asia.sup@INDIA.ASIA.SUP
| always-send-kerberos-tokens = false
```

Delegation in Multiple Active Directory Domains

Kerberos User Identity Rule

Possible formats

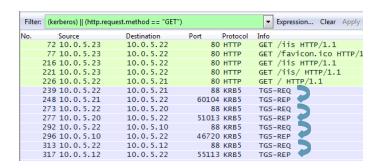
- kerberos-user-identity = julien@FRANCE.EUROPE.SUP
- kerberos-user-identity = julien
- kerberos-user-identity = tushar
- kerberos-user-identity = @FRANCE.EUROPE.SUP
- kerberos-user-identity = attr:username@attr:dom
- kerberos-user-identity = attr:username
- kerberos-user-identity = @attr:dom
- kerberos-user-identity = attr:upn
- kerberos-user-identity = attr:username@IBM.COM
- kerberos-user-identity = bob@attr:dom
- kerberos-user-identity = @attr:dn

Delegation in Multiple Active Directory Domains

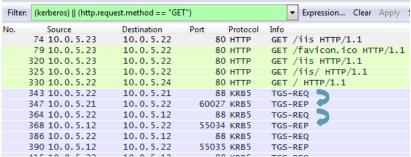
Shortcut Trusts

No shortcut trust in place

- WebSEAL will be instructed a path to follow to the point where it reaches the correct KDC
- From india.asia.sup DC to asia.sup root DC to europe.sup root DC to france.europe.sup DC
- With shortcut trust in place : Single hop to france.europe.sup domain









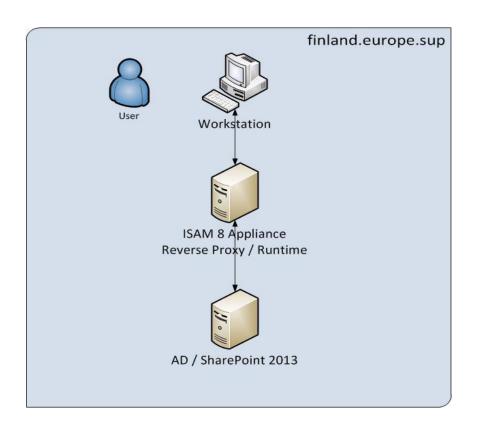




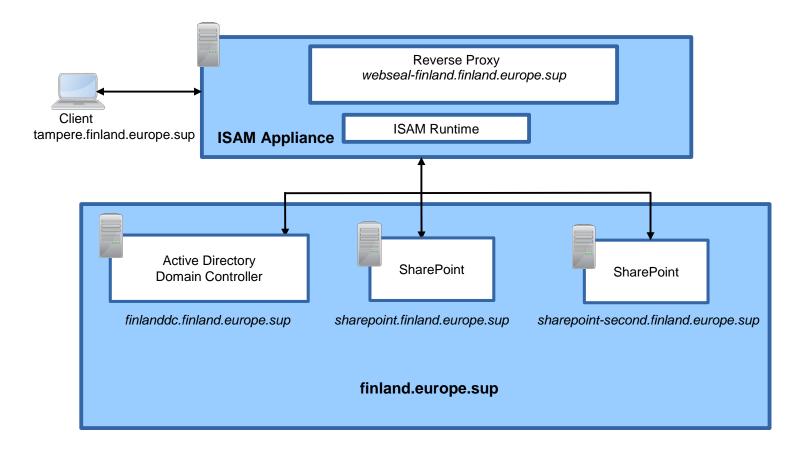


- Physical architecture view
- Logical architecture view
- Create the service account for the SharePoint
- Create the WebSEAL impersonation account
- Configure the SharePoint Web Application
- Verify SharePoint Kerberos Authentication
- Configure WebSEAL and junction on the ISAM appliance
- Access SharePoint through the WebSEAL junction

Physical architecture view



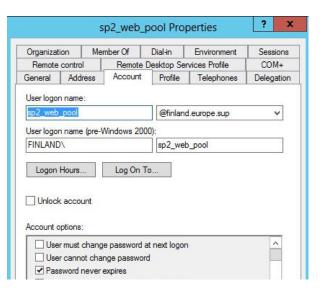
Logical architecture view



Create the service account for the SharePoint

Create an user account for the SharePoint Web Pool

Set SPN that match the FQDN of the SharePoint Web Site



```
C:\Users\Administrator>setspn -s HTTP/sharepoint-second.finland.europe.sup sp2_web_pool
Checking domain DC=finland,DC=europe,DC=sup
Registering ServicePrincipalNames for CN=sp2_web_pool,CN=Users,DC=finland,DC=eur
ope,DC=sup
HTTP/sharepoint-second.finland.europe.sup
Updated object
```

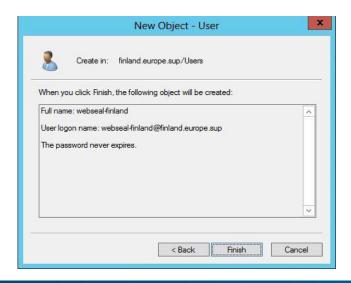
Create the WebSEAL impersonation account

- Create an user account for the WebSEAL on the Active Directory
- Generate the keytab file Example:

ktpass -out c:\tmp\webseal.keytab -princ HTTP/webseal-finland@FINLAND.EUROPE.SUP -mapuser

webseal-finland -mapOp set -pass <passwd> -pType KRB5_NT_PRINCIPAL

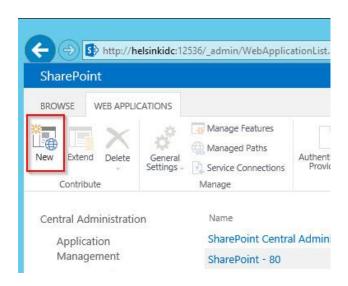
Modify the user account to delegate to the SharePoint service





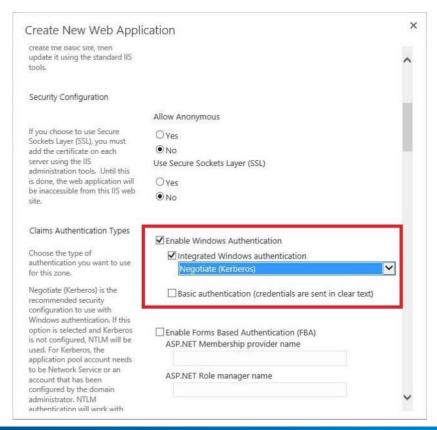
Configure the SharePoint Web Application

From the SharePoint Central Administration page start a new Web Site



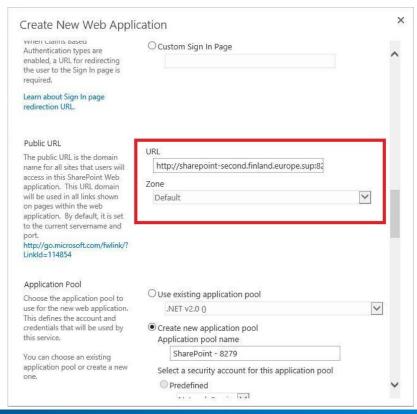
Configure the SharePoint Web Application

For the Integrated Windows authentication select Negotiate (Kerberos)



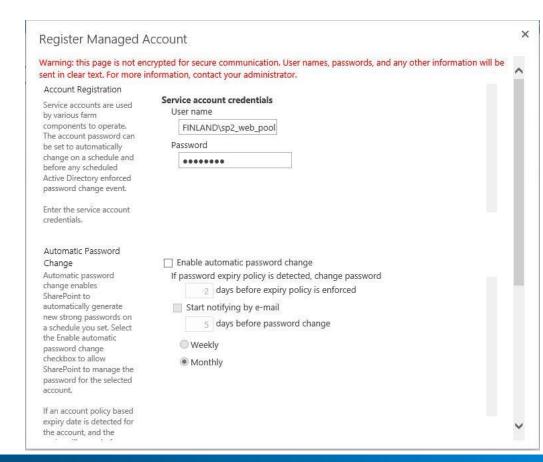
Configure the SharePoint Web Application

 The host name in the URL setting must match the SPN defined with the "setspn -S <SPN> <accountname>" command



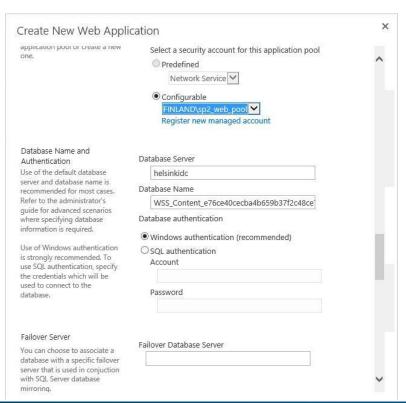
Configure the SharePoint Web Application

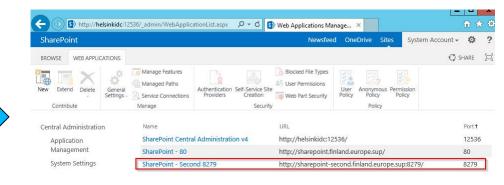
- Register the account created earlier as SharePoint service account
- By clicking the "Register New Managed Account" a pop-up will show up



Configure the SharePoint Web Application

Finalize the creation of the New Web Application





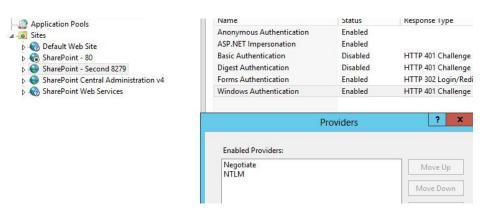


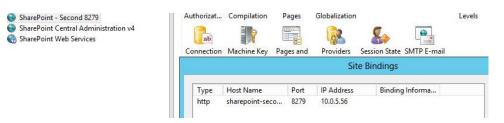
Configure the SharePoint Web Application

Sharepoint wizard configure IIS automatically

 Dedicated Web Site with specific authentication mechansim enabled (do not modify)

 Dedicated Application Pool using user service account created





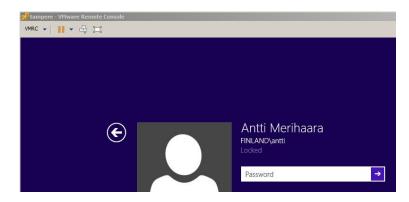
SharePoint - 80	Started	v4.0	Integrated	FINLAND\sp_web_pool	1
SharePoint - Second 8279	Started	v4.0	Integrated	FINLAND\sp2_web_pool	1
SharePoint Central Administra	Started	v4.0	Integrated	FINLAND\Administrator	1
SharePoint Web Services Root	Stopped	v4.0	Integrated	LocalService	1

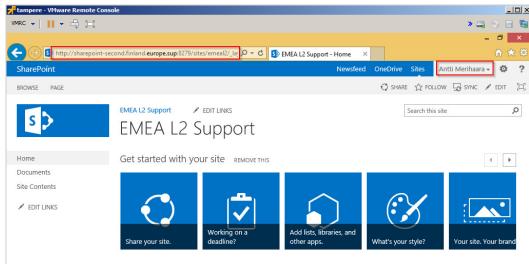
Verify SharePoint Kerberos Authentication

Verify Kerberos authentication

Login with domain accout on workstation

 Connect to the Sharepoint web site with a kerberos enabled browser

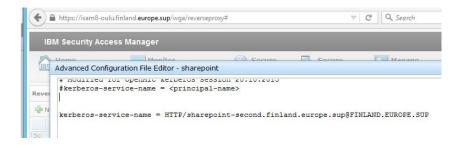






Configure WebSeal and the junction on the Appliance

- Edit webseal conf file
- Enable kerberos junction sso
 - Define keytab
 - Define kerberos service name
 - Define kerberos service principal



 Create a junction /sharep-second to SharePoint IIS web site



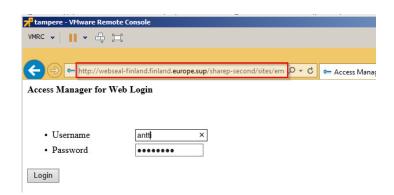


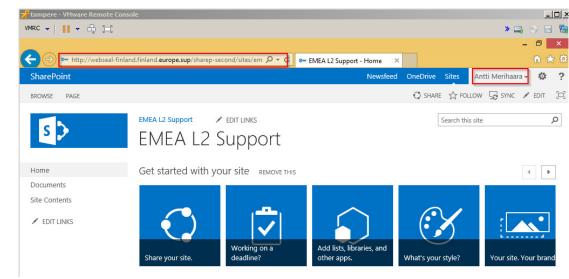
Access SharePoint through the WebSeal Junction

Verify Kerberos junction

 Login on WebSeal using the configured auth mechanism

 Connect to the Sharepoint web site through the WebSeal junction









Questions?



Questions for the panel?

Now is your opportunity to ask questions of our panelists.

To ask a question now:

Press *1 to ask a question over the phone

or

Type your question into the SmartCloud Meetings chat

To ask a question after this presentation:

You are encouraged to participate in our Forum topics < link to IBM Security topic A in product X's Forum>.



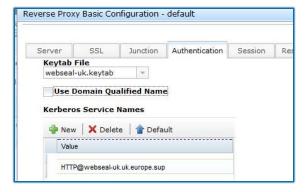


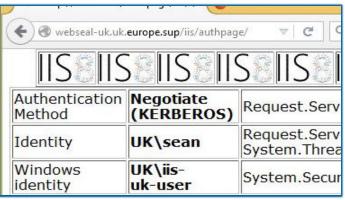
Extra Slides

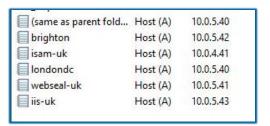


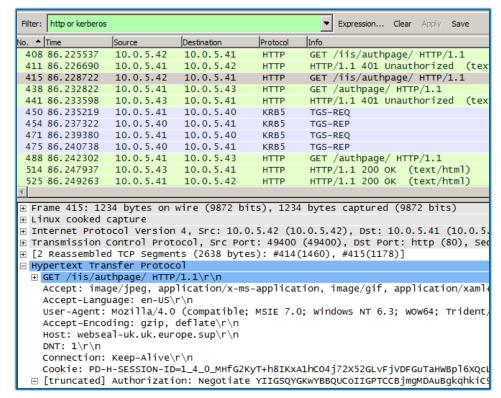
Kerberos pass through

Enable Desktop SSO (see first open mic)

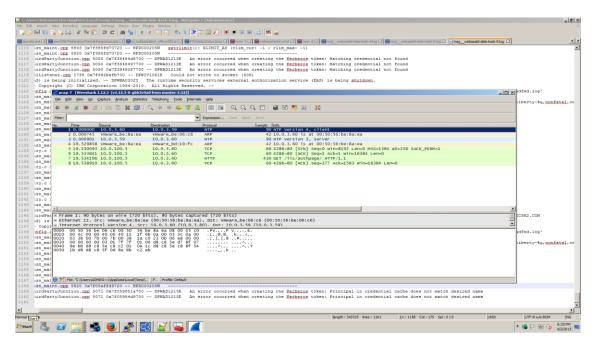






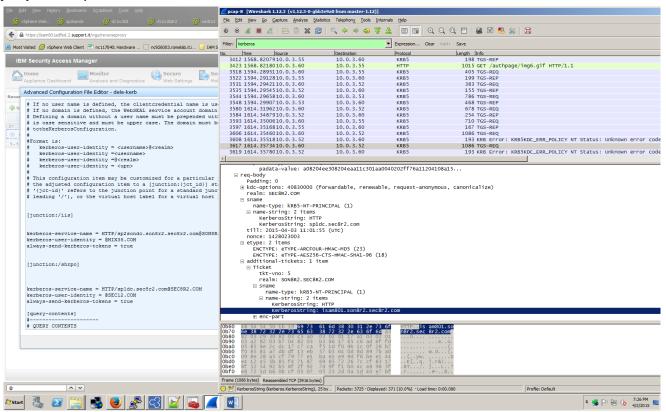


Principal in credential cache does not match desired name



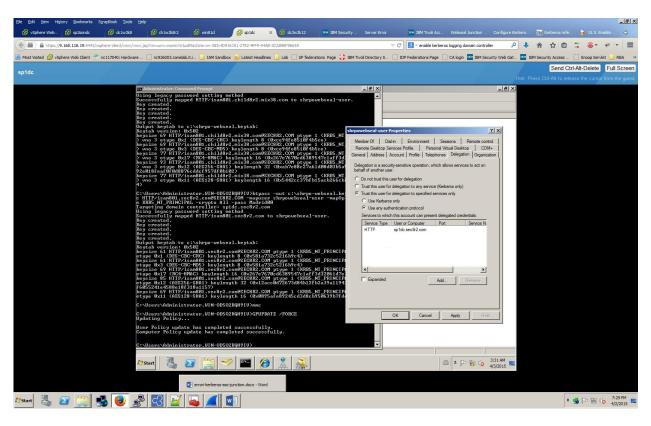
TCP-IP trace confirm that there is even no attempt to get a ticket, the problem could be the usage of a wrong kerberos-principal-name for that junction

KDC policy rejects request



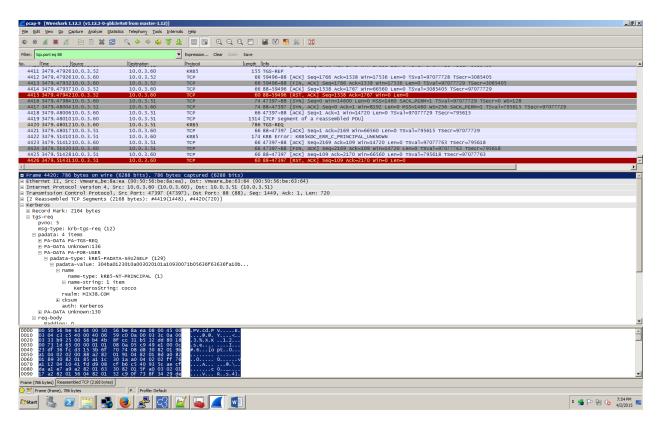


KDC policy rejects request (cont)



The KDC that webseal uses is unable to find the SPN specified by webseal (in the tcp-ip trace isam801.son8r2.sec8r2.com), this is a mismatch between what in webseal keytab (SPN of webSeal HTTP/Isam801.sec8r2.com) and what defined in the kerberos-service-name for the jucntion (this case in webseal conf file for /shrpo there is HTTP/ isam801.son8r2.sec8r2.com)

Client not found in Kerberos database



The user that need to be impersonified (cocco) by WebSEAL is not found on the KDC this is a consequence of a wrong combination of logged-in user, the service to access (on the junction /iis) and rule used in kerberos-user-identity.

Statement of Good Security Practices: IT system security involves protecting systems and information through prevention, detection and response to improper access from within and outside your enterprise. Improper access can result in information being altered, destroyed, misappropriated or misused or can result in damage to or misuse of your systems, including for use in attacks on others. No IT system or product should be considered completely secure and no single product, service or security measure can be completely effective in preventing improper use or access. IBM systems, products and services are designed to be part of a lawful, comprehensive security approach, which will necessarily involve additional operational procedures, and may require other systems, products or services to be most effective. IBM DOES NOT WARRANT THAT ANY SYSTEMS, PRODUCTS OR SERVICES ARE IMMUNE FROM, OR WILL MAKE YOUR ENTERPRISE IMMUNE FROM, THE MALICIOUS OR ILLEGAL CONDUCT OF ANY PARTY.

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